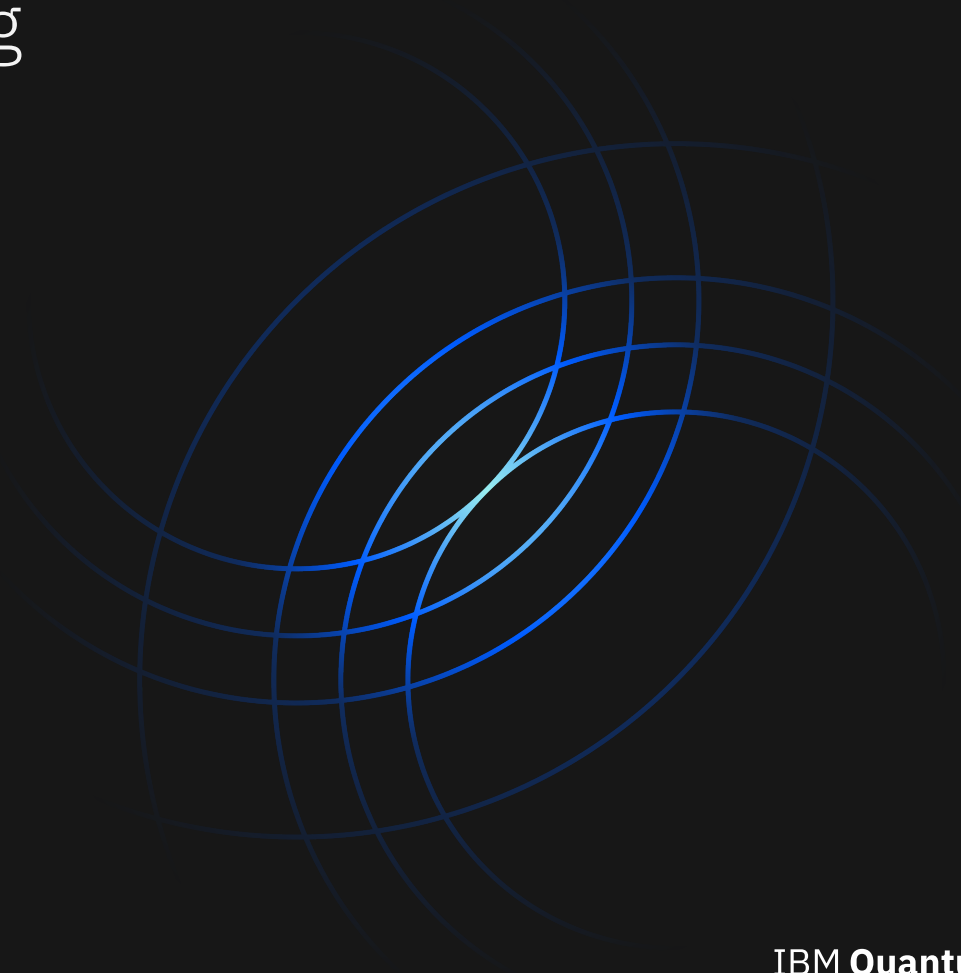


IBM Quantum Computing

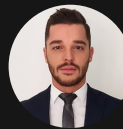
IBM Quantum Ambassador



Agenda

09:30-10:00

IBM Quantum Strategy and Roadmap



Pietro Rizzo
Enterprise Strategy
Manager

10:00-11:00

IBM Quantum website and Circuit Composer



Federico Mattei
Innovation and Technical
Leader

BREAK 15'

11:15-12:15

Qiskit overview and quantum programming basics



Federico Accetta
Cloud
Engineer

BREAK 15'

12:30-13:30

A practical application - VQE notebook



Luca Crippa
Public Cloud Technical
Specialist

IBM Quantum – On the cloud since May 2016

Over **400,000** registered users have run ...
over **2 TRILLION** hardware quantum circuits
in total, and users run ...
over **4 BILLION** hardware quantum circuits
on a typical day on ...
more than **25** quantum computing systems
on the IBM Cloud, and written over
1500+ scientific and research papers.



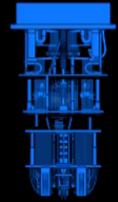
Quantum developer



IBM Cloud



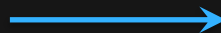
IBM Quantum Systems



Frictionless development for quantum computing





Developer using classical



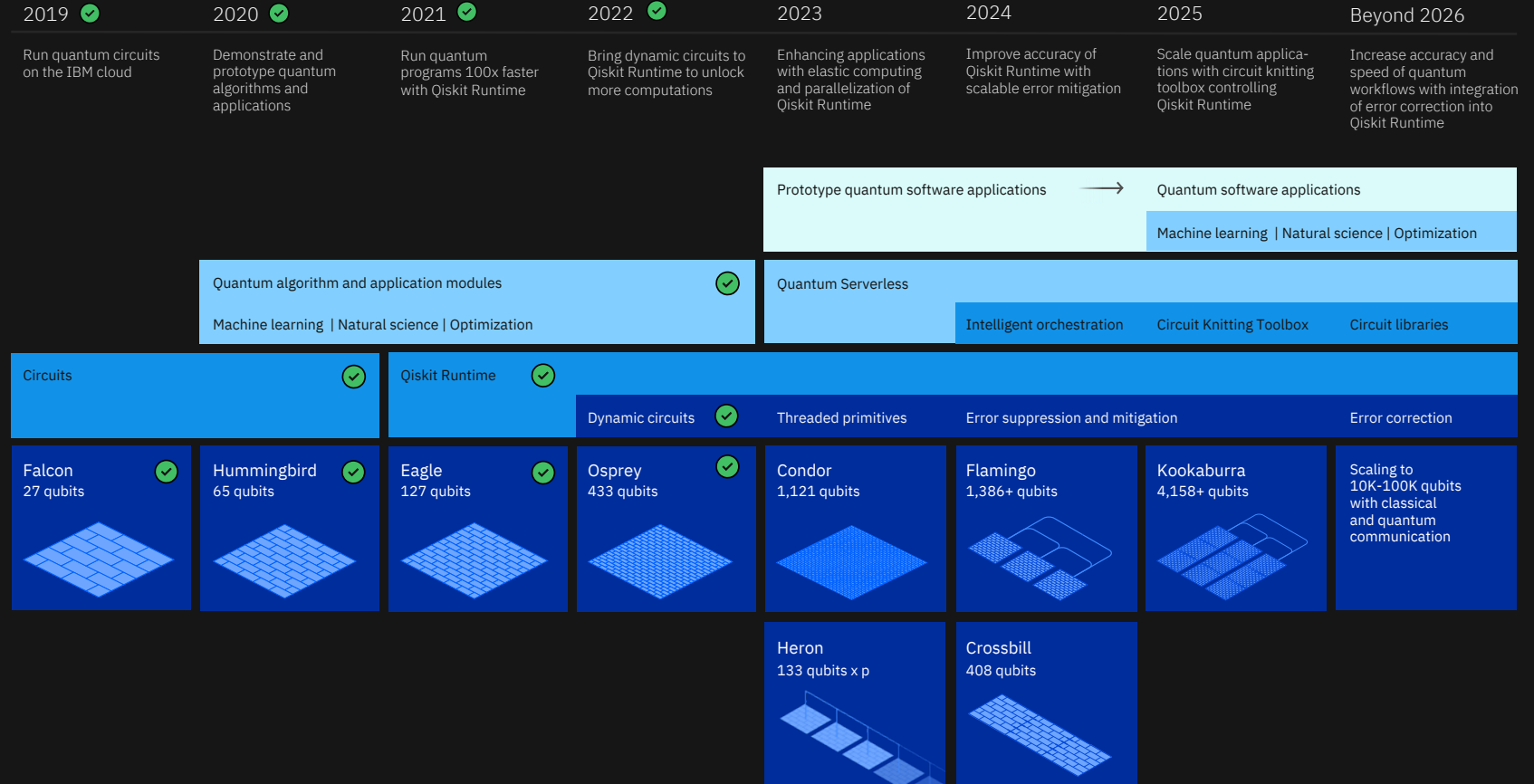
Developer using quantum

- Same tools
- Same languages
- Same code

Development Roadmap

Executed by IBM 
On target 

IBM Quantum



The three key metrics for measuring quantum computing performance



Scale

Measured by **number of qubits** which indicates the amount of information we can encode in the quantum system.

High coherence, high reliability, lower cost


| 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|-----------|------------|------------|
| 65 qubits | 127 qubits | 433 qubits |



Quality

Measured by **Quantum Volume** which indicates quality of circuits and how faithfully circuits are implemented in hardware.

Need low operation errors, meaning large Quantum Volume

| 2020 | Today | 2022 |
|-------|--------|---|
| 32 QV | 512 QV | 1024 QV  |



Speed

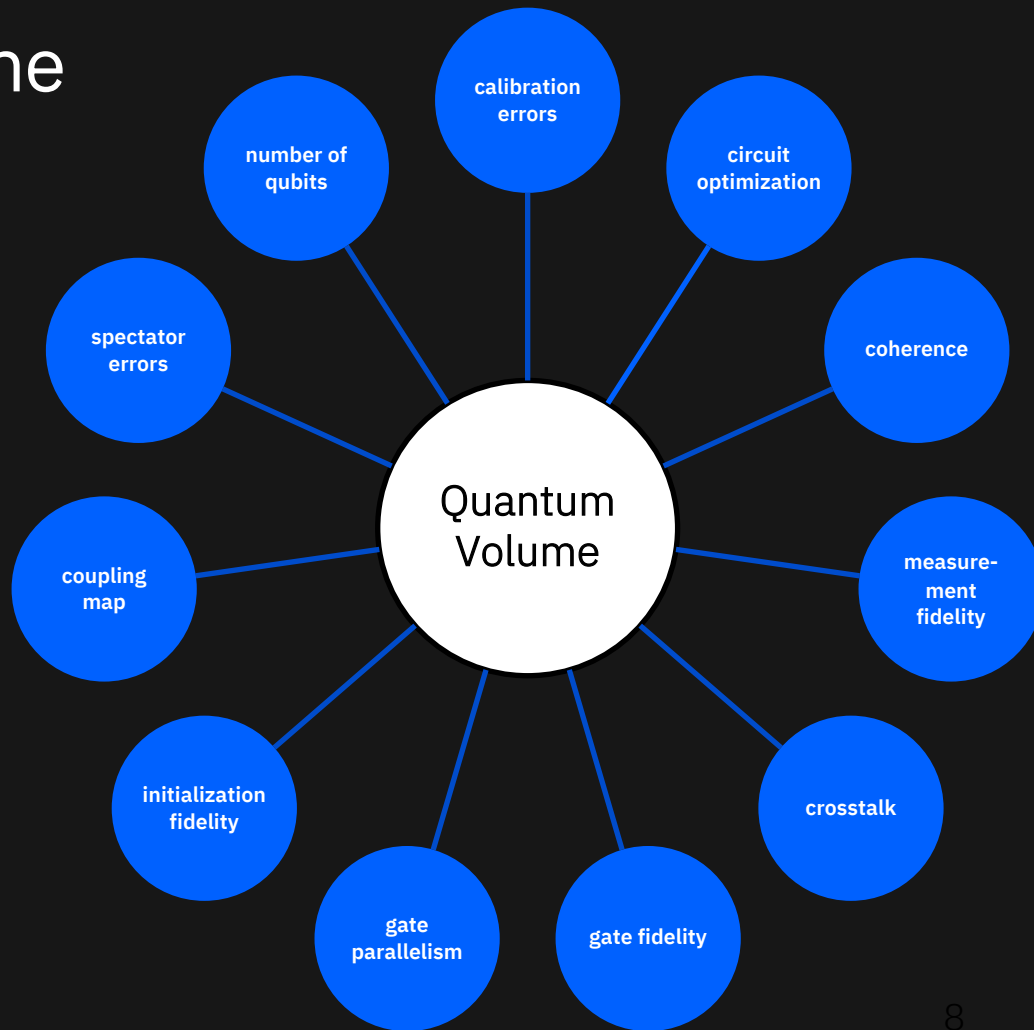
Measured by **CLOPS (Circuit Layer Operations Per Second)** which indicates how many circuits can run on hardware in a given time.

Seamless synchronization of quantum and classical circuits increases execution rate

| 2020 | Today | 2022 |
|----------------|------------|-----------|
| 200 (Inferred) | 1.4K CLOPS | 10K CLOPS |

Quantum Volume

Many factors contribute to the performance of the overall system

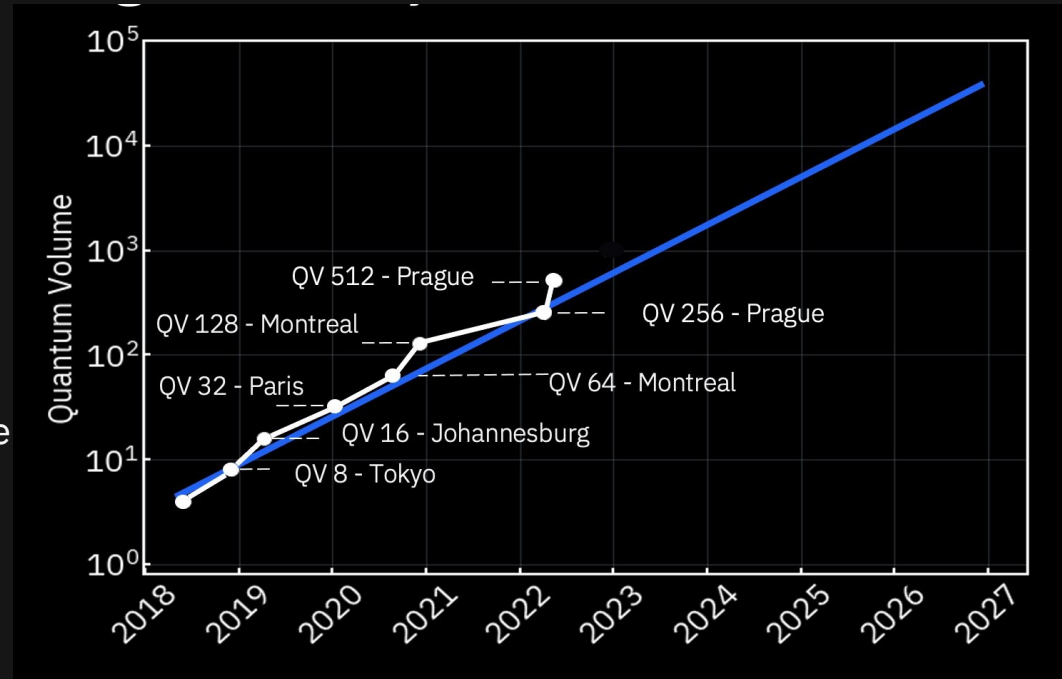


Ahead of the curve on quality

We have committed to doubling quantum volume every year. So far, we are a little ahead of pace.

Today, improvements largely come from improving physical error rates.

When we introduce quantum error correction, there will be an inflection point where Quantum Volume will increase much faster due to software (encoded) scaling.



IBM Quantum Network Today

219 total

18 industry partners

24 hubs

60 members

52 startups

**65 academic members
and partners**

Partners

BP
Boeing
Bosch
Capgemini SE
Credit Mutuel
Daimler
E.ON
Erste Group Bank AG
ExxonMobil
Goldman Sachs
HSBC
JP Morgan Chase
JSR Corporation
LG Corporation
Samsung Advanced Institute of Technology
Tokyo Electron Limited
Wells Fargo
Woodside Energy Ltd

Arizona State University
Brookhaven National Lab
Bundeswehr University Munich
CERN
Cleveland Clinic Foundation
Deutsches Elektronen Synchrotron
Fraunhofer
KEIO University
Korea Quantum Computing Corporation
Lantik SA
Los Alamos National Laboratory
National Taiwan University
North Carolina State University
Oak Ridge National Lab
Pacific Northwest National Lab
Poznan Supercomputing and Networking Center
Quebec PINQ2
Science and Technology Facilities Council Daresbury
Sungkyunkwan University
United States Air Force Research Lab
University of Melbourne
University of Sherbrooke
University of Tokyo
Yonsei University

Hubs

Members

Amgen
Anthem
Argonne National Lab
Assured Information Security
CMC Microsystems
Carnegie Mellon Software Engineering Institute
Cognizant
Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche - Istituto di calcolo e reti ad alte prestazioni
DIC Corporation
Deloitte
Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory
Fidelity Investments
Flightprofler
Fraunhofer members
GE Global Research
General Atomics
Hitachi Ltd
III Taiwan
Industrial Technology Research Institute
Infosys
Istituto Italiano di Tecnologia
Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (Berkeley Lab)
Lockheed Martin
Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation
Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group
Mizuho Bank
Molecular Forecaster Inc
National Institute for Nuclear Physics
RIKEN National Research and Development Agency
Sandia National Labs
Sony
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Limited
System Vertrieb Alexander GmbH
TNO
Tech Mahindra Limited
Toshiba
Toyota
Toyota Central RD Labs
United States Naval Research Laboratory
Yokogawa Electric Corporation

Startups

1Qbit Systems
AIQTECH Inc
Agnostiq Inc
Alliro Quantum
Applied Quantum Computing
Apply Science
Beit
Blueqat
Boxcat Inc
Cambridge Quantum Computing
Classiq
ColdQuanta
CollibriTD
Entangled Networks Ltd.
Entropica Labs
Equal1
First Quantum
HQS Quantum Simulations
Horizon Quantum Computing
JoS Quantum
Keysight
Kipu Quantum
Max Kelsen
Menten AI
Miraax
Multiverse Computing
NetraMark Corp
Nordic Quantum Computing Group
Opacity
Phasecraft
ProteinQure
Q-Ctrl
QC Ware
QEDMA Quantum Computing
Qu & Co
Quantifi
Quantum MADS
Quantum Machines
Quantum South
Quantum Technology Foundation of Thailand
QuantumNET
Qunasy
Rahko
SoftwareQ
Solid State AI
SpinUp AI
Strangeworks
Super Tech Labs
Xanadu
Zapata Computing Inc
Zurich Instruments
qBraid Co

Academic

Aalto University
Boston University
Bowie State University
Centrum Wiskunde & Informatica
Chalmers University of Technology
Clemson University
Cornell University
ETH Zurich
Florida State University
Georgia Institute of Technology
Hampton University
Hanyang University
Harvard University
Howard University
Indian Institute of Technology - Madras IIT
Johns Hopkins University
Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Technology
Korea University
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
Morehouse College
Morgan State University
National University of Singapore
Netherlands Organization for Applied Scientific Research
Netherlands eScience Center
New Mexico State University
New York University
North Carolina AT State University
Northeastern University
Northwestern University
Pohang University of Science and Technology
Purdue University
Purdue University
Saarland University
Seoul National University
Southern University and A&M College
Stanford University
Stony Brook University
Surf
Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Lausanne
The University of Texas at Austin
Turku University
Taskoglu University
Ulsan National Institute of Science and Technology
United States Naval Postgraduate Military University
University of Amsterdam
University of Basque Country
University of Chicago
University of Georgia
University of Illinois at Urbana Champaign
University of Innsbruck
University of Madrid
University of Minho
University of Montpellier
University of New Mexico
University of Oxford
University of South Carolina
University of Southern California
University of Tennessee
University of Washington
University of Waterloo
University of Witwatersrand Johannesburg
University of the District of Columbia Community College
Virginia Tech

Quantum applications span three general areas

Simulating Quantum Systems

Artificial Intelligence

Optimization / Monte Carlo



Quantum chemistry
Material science
High energy physics



Better model training
Pattern recognition
Fraud detection



Portfolio optimization
Risk analysis
Loans & credit scoring
Monte Carlo-like applications

Quantum Computing for Materials Discovery and Manufacturing Optimization

Daimler and IBM have recently published a series of papers demonstrating progress toward using quantum computers to model material systems including Lithium-sulfur that are relevant to advancing the performance of batteries. The teams have also demonstrated applications in manufacturing defect analysis and product recommendation.



“Developing and perfecting these hypothetical batteries could unlock a billion-dollar opportunity.”

Benjamin Boeser

[Former] Director of Innovation Management,
Silicon Valley at Mercedes-Benz R&D North America

Maritime Routing's Mind-Boggling Math

In 2021 more than 500 LNG (liquified natural gas) ships are used to transport critical fuel supplies across the oceans. Together, they make thousands of journeys per year to destination ports where the LNG is deployed to power critical infrastructure.

Finding optimal routes for a fleet of such ships can be a mind-bendingly complex optimization problem.



Quantum computers take a new approach to addressing this sort of complexity, with the potential to find solutions that classical supercomputer alone cannot handle. Industry leaders like Exxon are getting involved now to explore how blending classical and quantum computing techniques might solve big, complex, pressing global challenges.

JP Morgan Chase

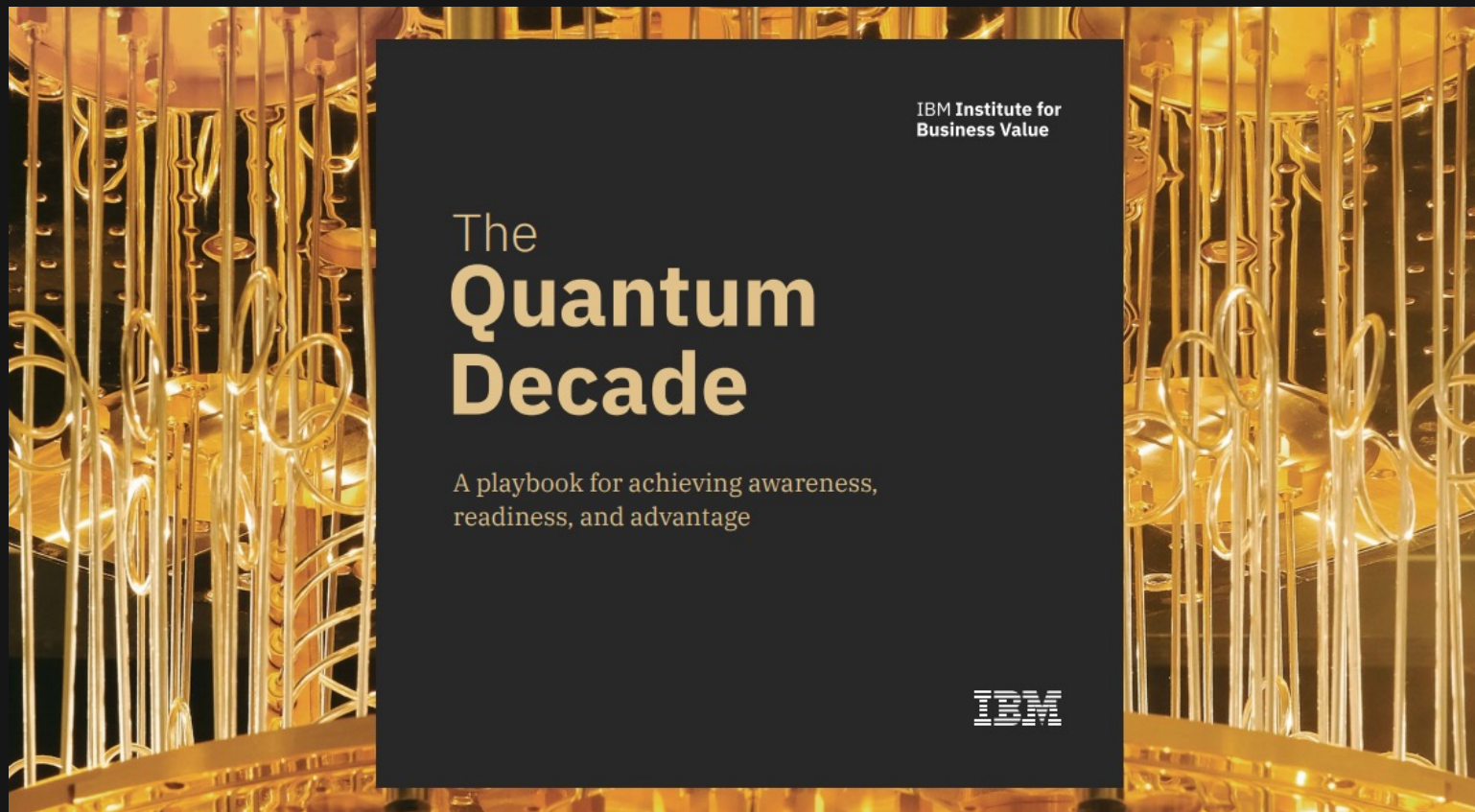
Quantum Computing for the Financial Services Industry

Recently, JPMC and IBM used Quantum Amplitude Estimation, a Monte Carlo-like sampling algorithm, to compute European option pricing, pricing path dependent options, showing a quadratic speed-up versus a classical Monte Carlo approach.



European derivative pricing on a Quantum computer implements the Black-Scholes model using a Quantum Machine Learning Algorithm, namely a quantum Generative Adversarial Network (qGAN). The qGAN utility loads the log-normal probability distribution and models the spot price of an asset underlying a European call option.

The resulting model can then be integrated into a Quantum Amplitude Estimation based algorithm to evaluate the expected payoff.



IBM Institute for
Business Value

The Quantum Decade

A playbook for achieving awareness,
readiness, and advantage

IBM

<https://www.ibm.com/thought-leadership/institute-business-value/report/quantum-decade>

2022 Announcements

01 Scale

- ↳ Reaching 433 qubits with our latest processor, Osprey
- ↳ >3x the number of connected qubits of Eagle

02 Quality

- ↳ Median T1 3x increase for large birds
- ↳ 512 QV with Falcon r10

03 Speed

- ↳ From 1k → 10K CLOPS (x4 improvement in speed)

04 Error Suppression

- ↳ Reduce errors with dynamical decoupling

05 Error Mitigation

- ↳ Simple cost vs accuracy trade-offs via resilience level

06 Dynamic Circuits

- ↳ Construct dynamic circuits in Qiskit
- ↳ Execute OpenQASM3 or Qiskit dynamic circuits on IBM Quantum hardware

07 Quantum Network Now 200+

- ↳ with new members uptownBasel, Bosch, Crédit Mutuel, Vodafone

08 Quantum Safe

- ↳ New Quantum Safe Services offering
- ↳ IBM protocols adopted by NIST
- ↳ IBM & Vodafone partnering for Telco transformation

09 Quantum Serverless & Circuit Knitting

- ↳ Alpha release Circuit Knitting
- ↳ Alpha release Quantum Serverless

10 Quantum-centric Supercomputing

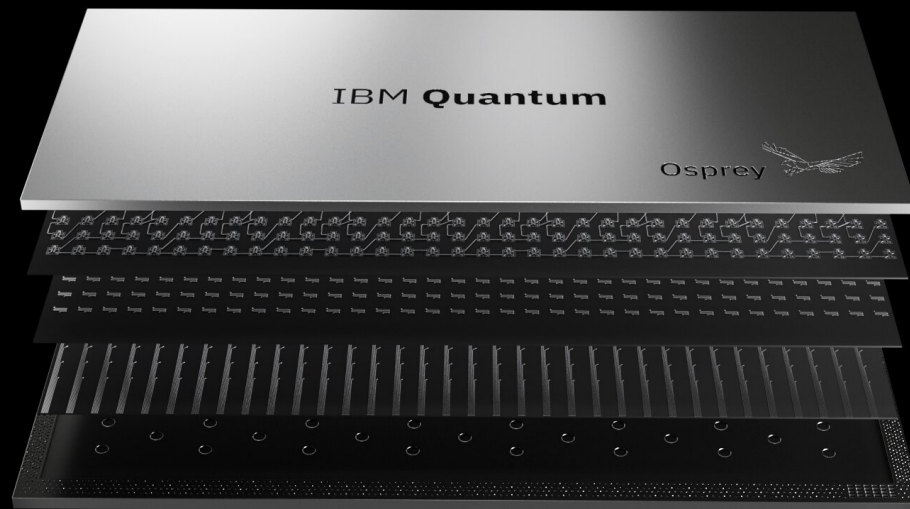
- ↳ Modularity to scale Communication & computing Quantum Middleware

11 IBM Quantum System Two

- ↳ The building block for Quantum-centric supercomputing

12 100x100 challenge

- ↳ We will offer 100 qubits at 100 gate depth by end of 2024



IBM Quantum



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